## In the Claims:

 (Currently Amended) A method for distributed upstream quality of service (QOS) processing in a broadband access system, the method comprising:

measuring a quality of received packets sent by a modem in an upstream channel at an upstream modem termination system;

determining whether the measured quality is within a predetermined range; reporting an out-of-range quality for the received packets to a network management server; and

modifying operating parameters for the upstream channel in accordance with the measured quality, if an out-of-range quality is reported;

wherein the out-of-range quality reported includes a measured quality above a high quality threshold and is reported at a higher <u>different</u> priority than measured qualities below a low quality threshold.

- (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein measuring a quality of received packets comprises measuring a signal-to-noise ratio (SNR).
- 3. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein measuring a quality of received packets comprises measuring a bit error rate (BER).
- (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein measuring a quality of received packets comprises measuring a Forward Error Correction (FEC) quality measure.
- 5. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein if the quality measure is below a predetermined lower limit for some averaged or weighted averaged value for a series of packets, then the modem ID and the measured quality data of a particular packet or average is reported to the network management server.

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- (Previously Amended) The method of Claim 5, wherein the network
  management server reassigns the modem to a different downstream channel in the
  same or overlapping sector, which has a different operating frequency.
- (Original) The method of Claim 5, wherein the network management server reassigns the modem to a lower order modulation type.
- 8. (Original) The method of Claim 5, wherein the network management server reassigns the modem to a lower symbol rate.
- (Original) The method of Claim 5, wherein the network management server reassigns the modem to a more robust Forward Error Correction scheme.
- 10. (Original) The method of Claim 5, wherein the network management server reassigns the modem to a combination of a different frequency, a lower order modulation type, a lower symbol rate, and a more robust Forward Error Correction scheme.
- 11. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein if the quality measure is above a predetermined upper limit for some averaged or weighted averaged value for a series of packets, then the modern ID and the measured quality data of a particular packet or average is reported to the network management server.
- 12. (Original) The method of Claim 11, wherein the network management server reassigns the modern to a channel with a higher order modulation.
- 13. (Original) The method of Claim 11, wherein the network management server reassigns the modem to a different type of modulation.

- 14. (Original) The method of Claim 11, wherein the network management server reassigns the modem to a faster symbol rate.
- 15. (Original) The method of Claim 11, wherein the network management server reassigns the modem to a lower Forward Error Correction scheme. (Original)
- 16. (Original) The method of Claim 11, wherein the network management server reassigns the modem to a channel which has similar parameters but less traffic.

## 17. (Cancel)

- 18. (Previously Amended) The method of Claim 21, wherein if the measured quality is below a lower limit, the network management server reassign the modern to a different downstream channel.
- 19. (Previously Amended) The method of Claim 21, wherein if the measured quality exceeds an upper limit, then the modem sends an exception signal offering to move to a less utilized channel.
- 20. (Previously Amended) The method of Claim 21, wherein if the measured quality exceeds an upper limit, then the modem sends an exception signal offering to move to a channel with a higher net data rate.
- 21. (Previously Amended) A method, for distributed downstream quality of service (QOS) processing in a broadband access system, the method comprising:

measuring a quality of received packets in a downstream channel at a modem;

comparing the measured quality with predetermined boundary conditions;

determining whether the measured quality is within the predetermined boundary conditions;

sending an exception to a network management server, if the measured quality is outside the boundary conditions; and

modifying operating parameters for the downstream channel in accordance with the measured quality;

wherein if the measured quality is below a lower boundary condition, the exception is sent with a high priority, and if the measured quality is above a high boundary condition, the exception is sent with a lower priority.

22. (Previously Amended) A method for distributed processing for optimal quality of service (QOS) in a broadband access system, the method comprising:

a method for distributed upstream quality of service (QOS) processing, the method comprising:

measuring a quality of received packets sent by a modem in an upstream channel at an upstream modem termination system;

determining whether the measured quality is within a predetermined range;

reporting an out-of-range quality for the received packets to a network management server; and

modifying operating parameters for the upstream channel in accordance with the measured quality, if an out-of-range quality is reported; and

a method for distributed downstream quality of service (QOS) processing, the method comprising:

measuring a quality of received packets in a downstream channel at a modem:

comparing the measured quality with predetermined boundary conditions;

determining whether the measured quality is within the predetermined boundary conditions:

sending an exception to a network management server, if the measured quality is outside the boundary conditions; and

modifying operating parameters for the downstream channel in accordance with the measured quality;

wherein:

the exception is sent,

at a first priority if the measured quality is below and outside the boundary conditions, and

at a second priority if the measured quality is above and outside the boundary conditions; and

the first priority is higher than the second priority.

- (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 21, wherein the method is performed in a broadband wireless access system.
- (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 1, wherein the method is performed in a broadband wireless access system.
- 25. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 22, wherein the method is performed in a broadband wireless access system.